Procedure file

Basic information NLE - Non-legislative enactments 2018/0267M(NLE) Procedure completed EC/Côte d'Ivoire Fisheries Partnership Agreement: implementation of the Agreement 2018-2024 Accompanying procedure 2018/0267(NLE) Subject 3.15.15.02 Fisheries agreements with African countries Geographical area Côte d'Ivoire

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	PECH Fisheries	Shadow rapporteur	
		ITURGAIZ Carlos	
		S&D CORBETT Richard	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	DEVE Development		19/09/2018
		THEOCHAROUS Eleni	
	BUDG Budgets	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
Council of the European Union	Commission DG	Commissioner	
European Commission		VELLA Karmenu	
	Maritime Affairs and Fisheries	VELLA Karmenu	

Key events			
25/10/2018	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
23/01/2019	Vote in committee		
28/01/2019	Committee report tabled for plenary	A8-0034/2019	Summary
11/02/2019	Debate in Parliament	F	
12/02/2019	Results of vote in Parliament	<u> </u>	
12/02/2019	Decision by Parliament	T8-0064/2019	Summary

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2018/0267M(NLE)
Procedure type	NLE - Non-legislative enactments
Procedure subtype	Motion for a resolution under consent procedure
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 105-p2
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 159
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

PECH/8/14683

End of procedure in Parliament

Documentation gateway						
Committee draft report	PE629.695	07/11/2018	EP			
Amendments tabled in committee	PE630.583	03/12/2018	EP			
Committee opinion DE	PE629.615	18/12/2018	EP			
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading	A8-0034/2019	28/01/2019	EP	Summary		
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading	T8-0064/2019	12/02/2019	EP	Summary		
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2019)327	17/07/2019	EC			

EC/Côte d'Ivoire Fisheries Partnership Agreement: implementation of the Agreement 2018-2024

The Committee on Fisheries adopted the report by João FERREIRA (GUE/NGL, PT) containing a motion for a non-legislative resolution on the draft Council decision on the conclusion of the Protocol on the implementation of the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Côte dIvoire.

Members took the view that the EU-Côte-divoire SFPA should pursue two equally important goals:

- 1. providing fishing opportunities for EU vessels in the Côte dIvoire EEZ, on the basis of the best available scientific advice and without interfering with conservation and management measures by the regional organisations to which Côte dIvoire belongs primarily the ICCAT or overrunning the available surplus;
- promoting cooperation between the EU and Côte dIvoire with a view to a sustainable fisheries policy and sound exploitation of fishery
 resources in the Côte dIvoire fishing zone, and contributing to sustainable development of the Ivorian fisheries sector through
 economic, financial, technical, and scientific cooperation, without undermining Côte dIvoires sovereign options and strategies
 regarding that development.

Finding showed that the Protocol to the 2013-2018 SFPA had on the whole proved to be effective, efficient, appropriate to the interests involved, and consistent with the Ivorian sectoral policy and a high degree of acceptability to stakeholders, and which recommended the option of concluding a new protocol.

This new protocol should, inter alia:

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- improve governance: drafting and validating legislation and building on management plans;
- tighten up control and surveillance in the Côte dIvoire EEZ;
- strengthen measures to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing, including in inland waters;
- enable landing quays and ports to be constructed and/or renovated, including at but not limited to the Port of Abidjan;
- establish marine protected areas and improve the sustainability of marine resources overall.

Members considered that rules regarding the hiring of ACP seamen for EU fishing vessels, amounting to 20 % of the crew, could be more ambitious and called for ILO principles to be abided by.

They also stressed that the quantity and accuracy of data on all catches (target species and by-catches) and on the conservation status of fishery resources should be improved.

On a financial note, the Commission urged the Côte divoire to use the financial contribution provided by the protocol to sustainably strengthen its national fisheries industry, encouraging demand for local investment and industrial projects, and creating local jobs.

Parliament should be kept immediately and fully informed at every stage of the procedures relating to the Protocol and, if applicable, its renewal.

EC/Côte d'Ivoire Fisheries Partnership Agreement: implementation of the Agreement 2018-2024

The EUropean Parliament adopted by 535 votes to 35, with 28 abstentions, a non-legislative resolution on the draft Council decision on the conclusion of the Protocol on the implementation of the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Côte divoire.

Members took the view that the EU-Côte-dIvoire SFPA should pursue two equally important goals:

- (1) providing fishing opportunities for EU vessels in the Côte dIvoire EEZ, on the basis of the best available scientific advice and without interfering with conservation and management measures by the regional organisations to which Côte dIvoire belongs primarily the ICCAT or overrunning the available surplus;
- (2) promoting cooperation between the EU and Côte divoire with a view to a sustainable fisheries policy and sound exploitation of fishery resources in the Côte divoire fishing zone, and contributing to sustainable development of the Ivorian fisheries sector through economic, financial, technical, and scientific cooperation, without undermining Côte divoires sovereign options and strategies regarding that development.

The conclusion of successive agreements between the Union and Côte d'Ivoire in the sustainable fisheries sector has contributed to Côte d'Ivoire's economy through the employment of local seamen, the use of the Abidjan port and canning facilities, the by-catches of EU tuna seiners have been turned to account, and local monitoring capacities have been strengthened.

Findings showed that the Protocol to the 2013-2018 SFPA had on the whole proved to be effective, efficient, appropriate to the interests involved, and consistent with the Ivorian sectoral policy and a high degree of acceptability to stakeholders, and which recommended the option of concluding a new protocol.

This new protocol should, inter alia:

- improve governance: drafting and validating legislation and building on management plans;
- tighten up control and surveillance in the Côte divoire EEZ;
- strengthen measures to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing, including in inland waters;
- enable landing quays and ports to be constructed and/or renovated, including at but not limited to the Port of Abidjan;
- establish marine protected areas and improve the sustainability of marine resources overall.
- enable the reinforcement of organisations representing men and women in the fishing industry, especially those involved in artisanal fishing.

Parliament considered that rules regarding the hiring of ACP seamen for EU fishing vessels, amounting to 20 % of the crew, could be more ambitious and called for ILO principles to be abided by.

It also stressed that the quantity and accuracy of data on all catches (target species and by-catches) and on the conservation status of fishery resources should be improved.

On a financial note, the Commission urged the Côte divoire to use the financial contribution provided by the protocol to sustainably strengthen its national fisheries industry, encouraging demand for local investment and industrial projects, and creating local jobs.

Parliament should be kept immediately and fully informed at every stage of the procedures relating to the Protocol and, if applicable, its renewal.